## Claims

[c1]	What	is	the	claimed	is
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1.A method for manufacturing a light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the method comprising:

forming a semiconductor multilayer on a first substrate producing a first multilayer structure;

forming an amorphous interface layer on a second substrate, the second substrate being transparent in nature, producing a second multilayer structure; bonding the first multilayer structure to the second multilayer structure, producing a third multilayer structure; and removing the first substrate from the third multilayer structure.

- 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising a step of forming a transparent conductive layer on the third multilayer structure after removing the first substrate.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the amorphous interface layer is made of at least one selected from a group comprising indium tin oxide, indium cadmium oxide, indium tin oxide, and transparent conductive adhesive agent.
- [c4] 4.A method for manufacturing a light emitting diode, comprising:
  forming a semiconductor multilayer on a first substrate producing a first
  multilayer structure;

forming an amorphous interface layer on a second substrate, the second substrate being transparent in nature, producing a second multilayer structure; bonding the first multilayer structure to the second multilayer structure, producing a third multilayer structure; and removing the first substrate from the third multilayer structure.

- [c5] 5.The method of claim 4 further comprising a step of forming a transparent conductive layer on the third multilayer structure after removing the first substrate.
  - 6.The method of claim 4, wherein the amorphous interface layer is made of at least one selected from a group comprising indium tin oxide, cadmium tin

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oxide, antimony tin oxide, and transparent conductive adhesive agent.

- [c7] 7.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising:
  - a transparent substrate;
  - an amorphous interface layer formed on the transparent substrate;
  - a top surface of the amorphous interface layer comprising a first surface region and a second surface region;
  - $\sim$  a p  $^+$  -type contact layer formed on the first surface region;
  - a p-type cladding layer formed on the p + -type contact layer; a multiple quantum well (MQW) light-emitting layer formed on the p-type cladding layer;
  - an n-type cladding layer formed on the MQW light-emitting layer;
  - an n-type stop layer formed on the n-type cladding layer;
  - a transparent conductive layer formed on the n-type stop layer;
    - a first electrode formed on the transparent conductive layer; and
    - a second electrode formed on the second surface region.
  - 8.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising:
  - a transparent substrate comprising sapphire;
  - / an amorphous interface layer formed on the transparent substrate, a top
  - surface of the amorphous interface layer comprising a first surface region and a second surface region;

  - $\sim$  a p-type cladding layer of p-type AlGaInP formed on the contact layer.
- [c9] a light-emitting layer of AlGaInP formed on the p-type cladding layer;

  - a stop layer of n-type AlGaAs formed on the n-type cladding layer;
  - an ITO transparent conductive layer formed on the stop layer.
- [c10] a first electrode formed on the ITO transparent conductive layer.
- [c11] a second electrode formed on the second surface region.

[c12] 9.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising: an ohmic contact electrode; a p-type transparent substrate formed on the ohmic contact electrode; a first p + -type contact layer formed on the transparent substrate; an amorphous interface layer formed on the first p + -type contact layer; a second p  $^+$  -type contact layer formed on the amorphous interface layer; a p-type cladding layer formed on the second p + -type contact layer; a light-emitting layer formed on the p-type cladding layer; an n-type cladding layer formed on the light-emitting layer; an n-type stop layer formed on the n-type cladding layer; a transparent conductive layer formed on the n-type stop layer; and a first electrode formed on the transparent conductive layer. [c13] 10.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising: an ohmic contact electrode; a p-type GaP transparent substrate formed on the ohmic contact electrode; a first p + -type contact layer of p + -type GaAs formed on the p-type GaP transparent substrate; an indium tin oxide amorphous interface layer formed on the first p  $^+$  -type contact layer; a second  $p^+$  -type contact layer of  $p^+$  -type GaAs formed on the indium tin oxide amorphous interface layer; a p-type cladding layer of a p-type AlGaInP formed on the second p  $^{+}$  -type contact layer; a multiple quantum well light-emitting layer of AlGaInP formed on the p-type cladding layer; an n-type cladding layer of n-type AlGaInP formed on the light-emitting layer;

an ITO transparent conductive layer formed on the stop layer;

a first electrode formed on the ITO transparent conductive layer.

a stop layer of n-type AlGaAs formed on the n-type cladding layer;

[c14] 11.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting

[c15]

diode comprising: a first electrode: an n-type transparent substrate formed on the first electrode; an amorphous interface layer formed on the n-type transparent substrate; an n-type contact layer formed on the amorphous interface layer; an n-type cladding layer formed on the n-type contact layer; a light-emitting layer formed on the n-type cladding layer; a p-type cladding layer formed on the light-emitting layer; a p-type buffer layer formed on the p-type cladding layer; a p + -type contact layer formed on the p-type buffer layer; a transparent conductive layer formed on the p + -type contact layer; and a second electrode formed on the transparent conductive layer. 12.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising: a first electrode: a transparent substrate of n-type GaP formed on the first electrode; an indium tin oxide (ITO) amorphous interface layer formed on the transparent substrate of n-type GaP; a contact layer of n-type GaP formed on the ITO amorphous interface layer; a cladding layer of n-type AlGaInP formed on the contact layer of n-type GaP; a multiple quantum well (MQW) light-emitting layer of AlGaInP formed on the cladding layer of n-type AlGaInP; a cladding layer of p-type AlGaInP formed on the MQW light-emitting layer of AlGaInP: a buffer layer of p-type AlGaAs formed on the cladding layer of p-type AlGaInP; a contact layer of p + -type GaAs formed on the buffer layer of p-type AlGaAs;

[c16]

13.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising:

a second electrode formed on the ITO transparent conductive layer.

an ITO transparent conductive layer formed on the contact layer of p  $^+$  -type

a transparent substrate;

GaAs; and

an amorphous interface layer formed on the transparent substrate, a top surface of the amorphous interface layer comprising a first surface region and a second surface region;

an n  $^+$ -type reverse-tunneling contact layer formed on the first surface region; a p-type cladding layer of formed on the n  $^+$ -type reverse-tunneling contact layer;

a light-emitting layer formed on the p-type cladding layer;

an n-type cladding layer formed on the light-emitting layer;

a first contact electrode formed on the n-type cladding layer; and

a second electrode formed on the second surface region.

14.A light emitting diode having a transparent substrate, the light emitting diode comprising:

a transparent substrate comprising glass;

an indium tin oxide (ITO) amorphous interface layer formed on the transparent substrate, a top surface of the ITO amorphous interface layer comprising a first surface region and a second surface region;

a reverse-tunneling contact layer of n  $^+$  -type InGaN formed on the first surface region;

a cladding layer of a p-type GaN formed on the reverse-tunneling contact layer of n  $^+$  -type InGaN;

a multiple quantum well (MQW) light-emitting layer of InGaN formed on the cladding layer of a p-type GaN;

a cladding layer of n-type GaN formed on the MQW light-emitting layer of InGaN;

a first contact electrode formed on the cladding layer of n-type GaN;

a second electrode formed on the second surface region.

[c17]

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